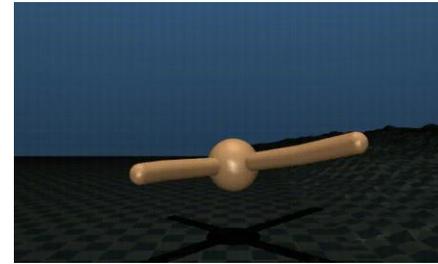
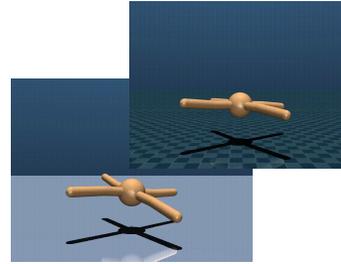
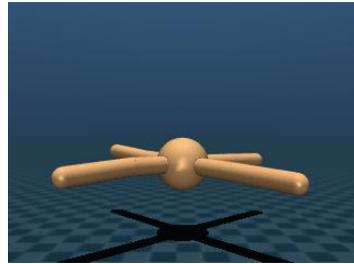
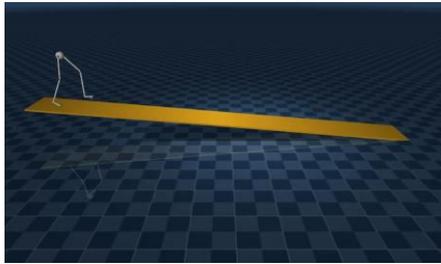


Overview Challenges



Introduction

Challenge 1

Submission Deadline:
19.03.2026

Challenge 2

Submission Deadline:
02.04.2026

Challenge 3

Submission Deadline:
23.04.2026

Final Project

Poster Presentation:
28.05.2026



Evolutionary Strategies
Passive Dynamic Walker

Evolving Neural Controllers
Ant – Flat Terrain

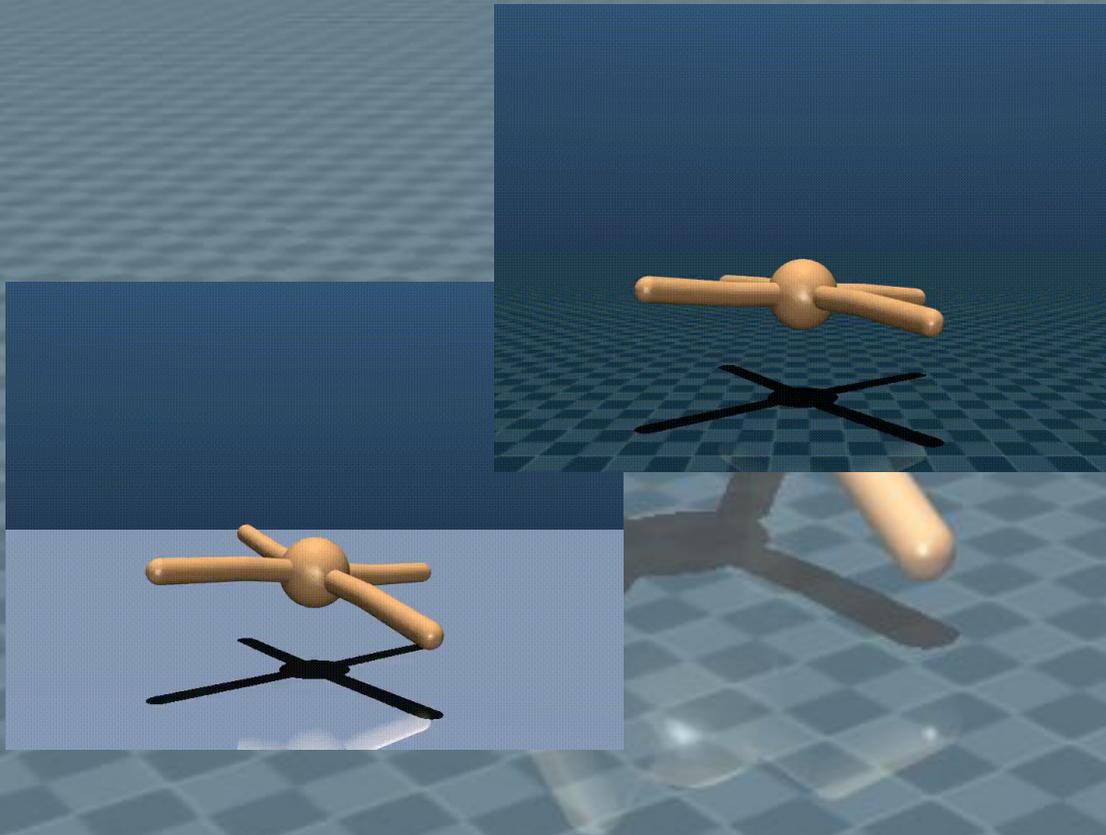
Multi-objective Optimization
Ant – Ice and Flat Terrain

Evolving Robot Body
Ant – Hill Climbing

Your Algorithm ☺
Multi-terrain Obstacles

Challenge 2

Objectives



Multi-objective Evolutionary
Optimization

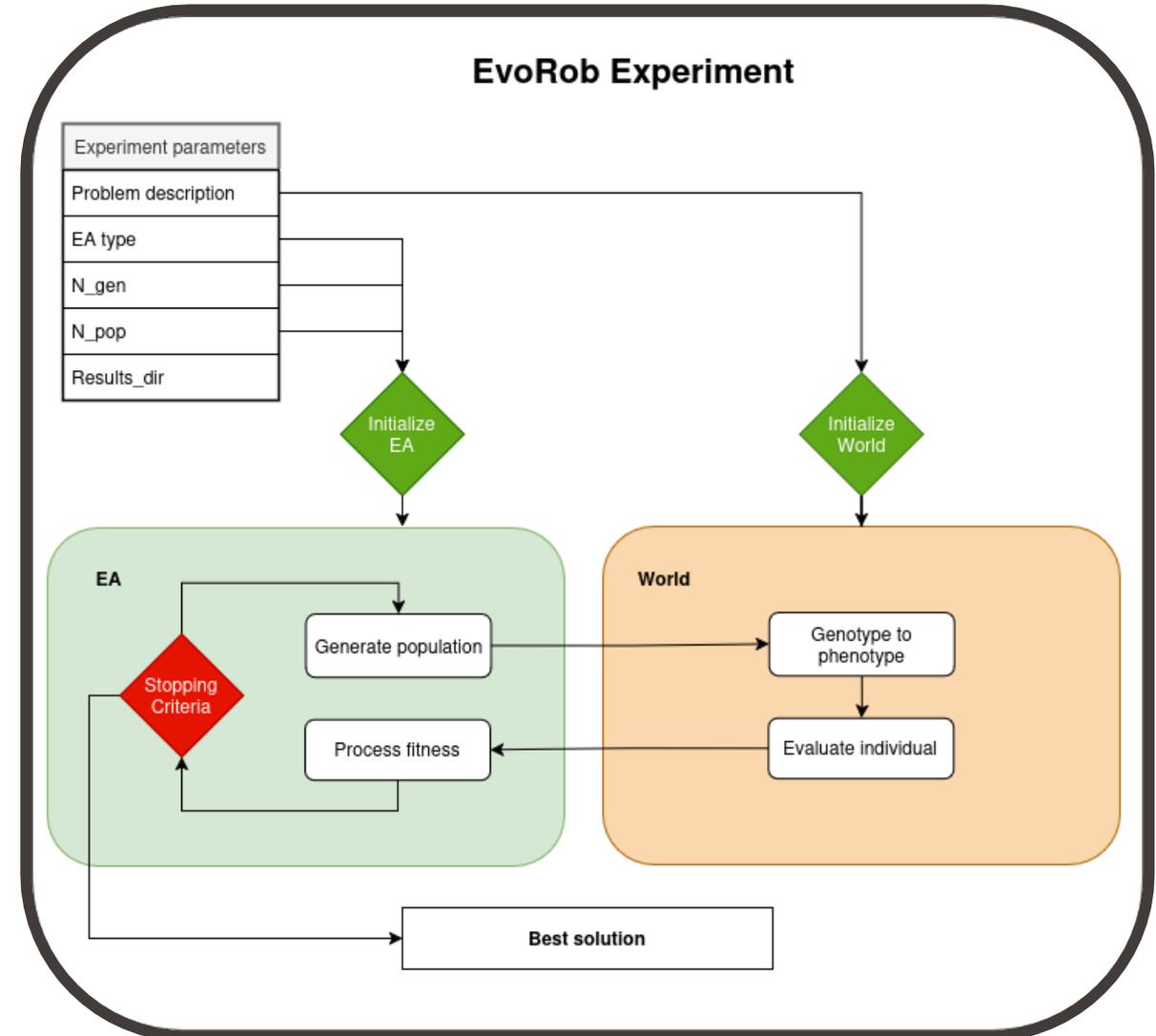
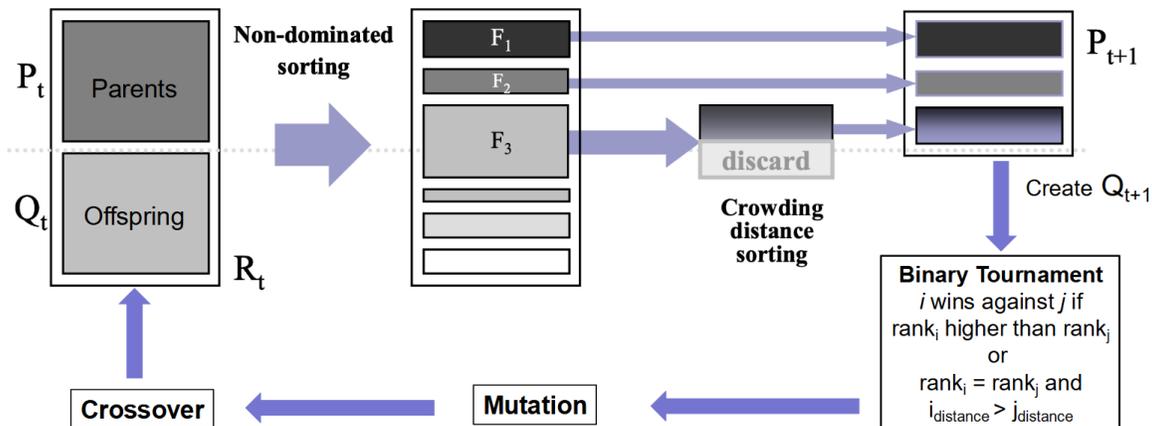
Challenge 2

NSGA-II

In the exercise today, you will write your own NSGA-II implementation as taught in the lecture.

Contents:

- Pareto dominance
- Non-dominated sorting
- Crowding distance for diversity
- Crowding operator



Challenge 2

NSGA-II

What do you need to run `Challenge2.py`:

- MLP (`evorob/world/robot/controllers/mlp.py`)
- Ant Environment (`evorob/world/robot/ant_flat.py`)

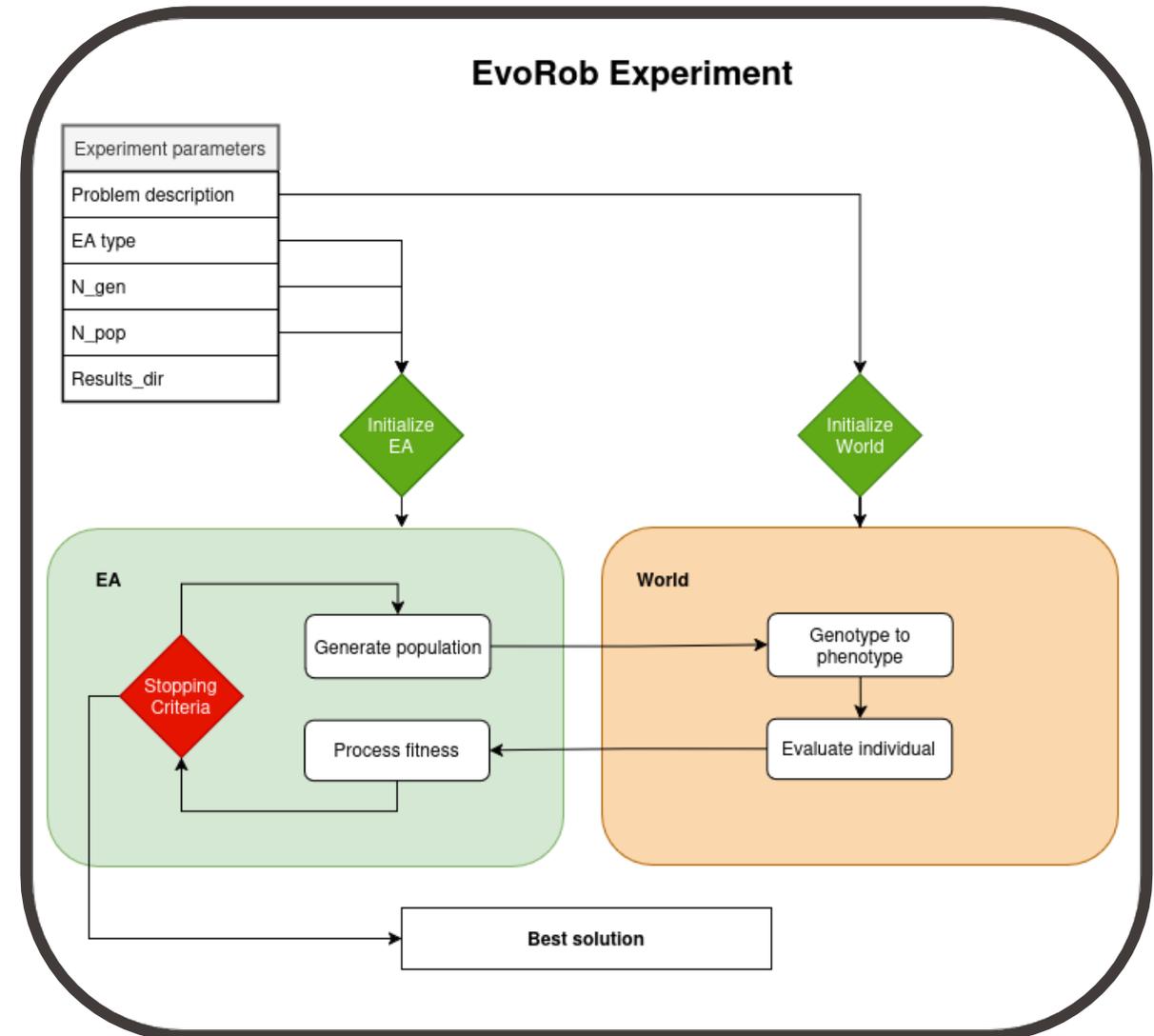
Can be either taken from **Solution** (uploaded now!)

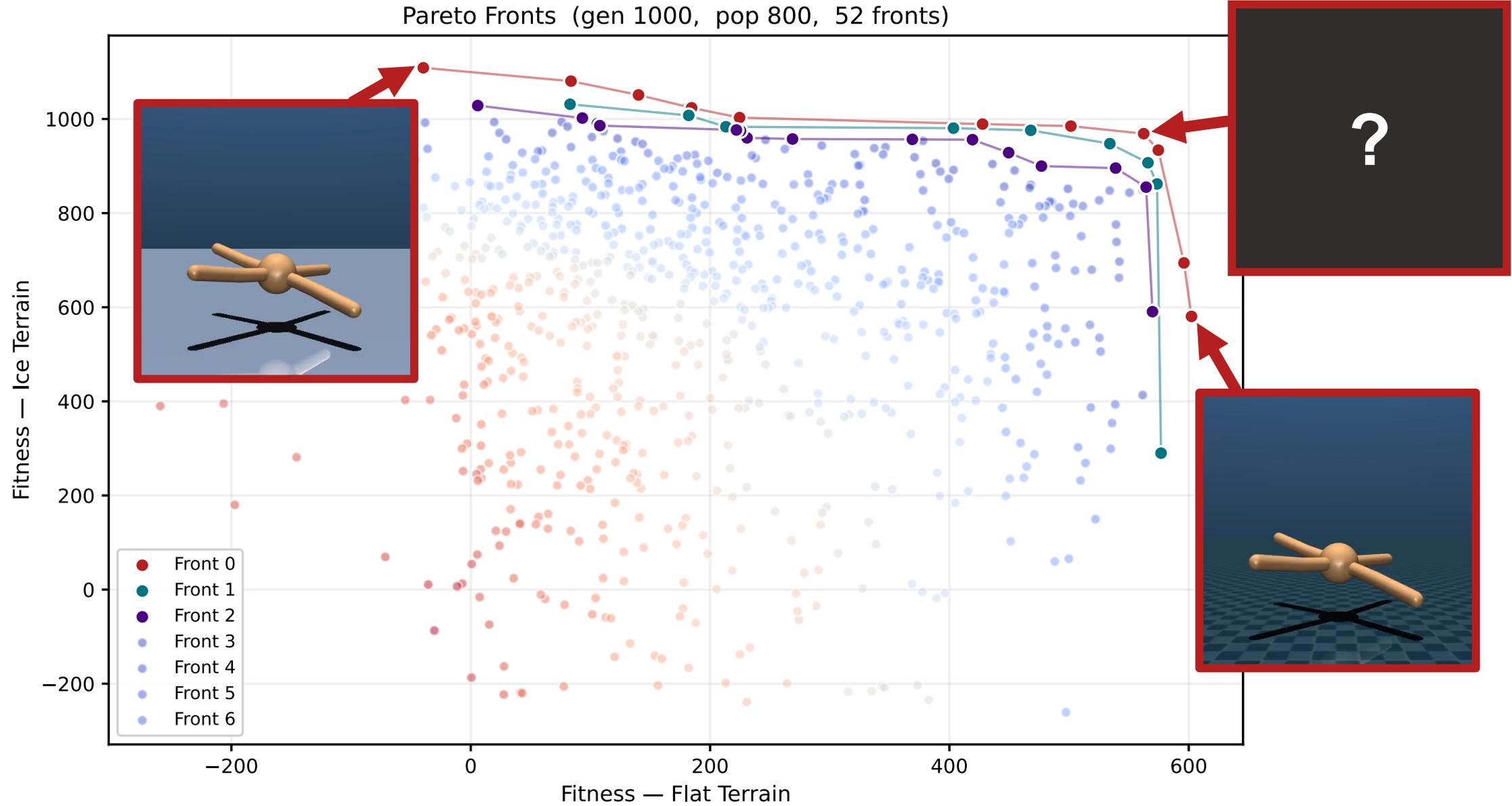
- `evorob/world/robot/controllers/mlp_sol.py`
- `evorob/world/robot/ant_flat_sol.py`

or merge your own implementation from Challenge 1.

You need to modify this:

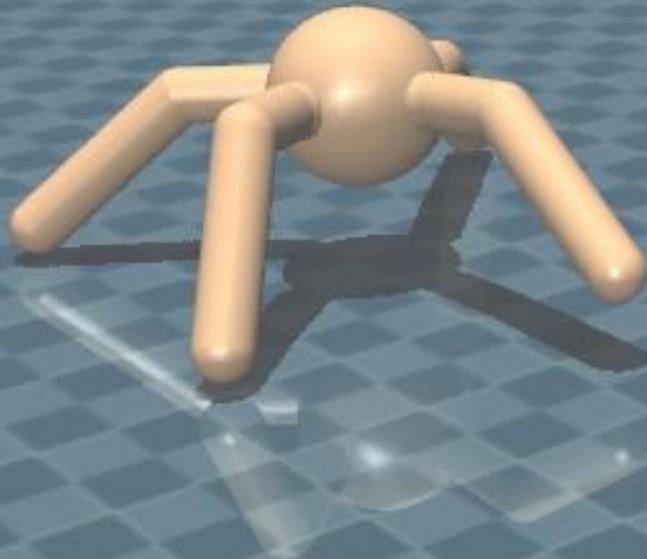
`evorob/algorithms/nsga.py`





Challenge 2

How to get better performance?



Multi-objective Optimization can be challenging → Ideas for better performance:

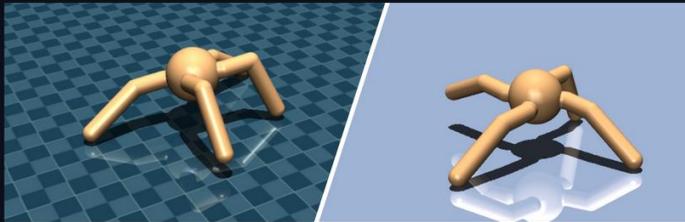
- Test different hyperparameters (# generations, population size, mutation and crossover probability, # parents) → Fitness statistics and Pareto fronts can be informative.
- Modify neural network architecture (recurrence, oscillatory output, ...)
- Repeated evaluation of fitness (denoise fitness landscape)
- Design learning curriculum (continue evolution with different reward functions for both / individual landscapes, ...)

Challenge 2

Where to find help?

README.md in Repository

Challenge 2: Evolving Multi-objective Neural Controllers in Two-Terrain Scenario



In Challenge 2, you will use multi-objective evolutionary algorithms to evolve specialist and generalist neural controller to let an abstract four-legged robot learn to locomote on a flat surface with different friction conditions as fast as possible.

Learning Goals

In this exercise, you will ...

- implement the baseline multi-objective evolutionary algorithm **Non-sorting Genetic Algorithm II** proposed by [Deb et al., 2002](#).
- compare single-objective specialist controllers to controllers on the Pareto front evolved by your multi-objective algorithm.

Good to know!

This exercise builds on the skills you developed in Challenge 1. You will now implement NSGA-II, a multi-objective evolutionary algorithm that can optimize multiple competing objectives simultaneously (e.g., speed on flat terrain vs. speed on rough terrain). The main running script is [Exercise2.py](#), and you'll work with the `evorob` codebase to make it functional.

Exercise 2: Understanding Multi-Objective Optimization

In Challenge 1, we optimized a single objective: moving forward as fast as possible. In real robotics, we often face multiple competing objectives:

- Speed on flat terrain vs. speed on rough terrain
- Energy efficiency vs. maximum speed
- Robustness vs. performance

NSGA-II helps us find a **Pareto front** of solutions where improving one objective requires sacrificing another. This gives us a diverse set of specialized and generalist controllers.

TODO comments give hints

```

100
101  ✓ def _get_obs(self):
102     # TODO: Return observation as concatenation of:
103     # - position EXCLUDING x,y: self.data.qpos[2:].flatten() (13 values)
104     # - velocity: self.data.qvel.flatten() (14 values)
105     # This gives 27 total dimensions, making the task translation-invariant
106     # Hint: Use np.concatenate() to combine both arrays
107     raise NotImplementedError("TODO: Implement observation function")
108
109  ✓ def _get_rew(self, x_velocity: float, action):
110     # TODO: Implement reward function with three components:
111     # 1. forward_reward = x_velocity * forward_reward_weight (weight=1.0)
112     # 2. healthy_reward = healthy_reward_weight (weight=1.0)
113     # 3. ctrl_cost = ctrl_cost_weight * sum of squared actions (weight=0.5)
114     # Final reward = forward_reward + healthy_reward - ctrl_cost
115     # Return: (reward, reward_info_dict)
116     raise NotImplementedError("TODO: Implement reward function")
117
118  ✓ def _get_termination(self):
119     # TODO: Robot should terminate when:
120     # - Any value in state is not finite (check with np.isfinite(state).all())
121     # - Torso height (state[2]) is below 0.26 or above 1.0
122     # Return True if NOT healthy (i.e., should terminate)
123     # Hint: Use self.state_vector() to get current state
124     raise NotImplementedError("TODO: Implement termination function")

```

MICRO-515 TAs



Challenge 2

Submission Details

- the code of your **final controllers** and the corresponding **evolved weights** (**important:** your controller needs be compatible with the controller interface),
- the **videos** rendering of your best “specialist” on flat / ice terrain and the best “generalist” on flat / ice terrain,
- the **fitness graph** showing the evolution of fitness over generations and the **pareto-front** over fitness on flat terrain and fitness on ice terrain,
- a textfile **README.md** describing shortly the selected algorithm, environment design and controller (max. 300 words),
- the generated `evolution_score.txt` file.

Submit these documents in a single zipped folder to **Moodle** at **Submission - Challenge 2** with the following naming convention:
`2026_micro_515_TEAMNAME_LASTNAME1_LASTNAME2.zip`

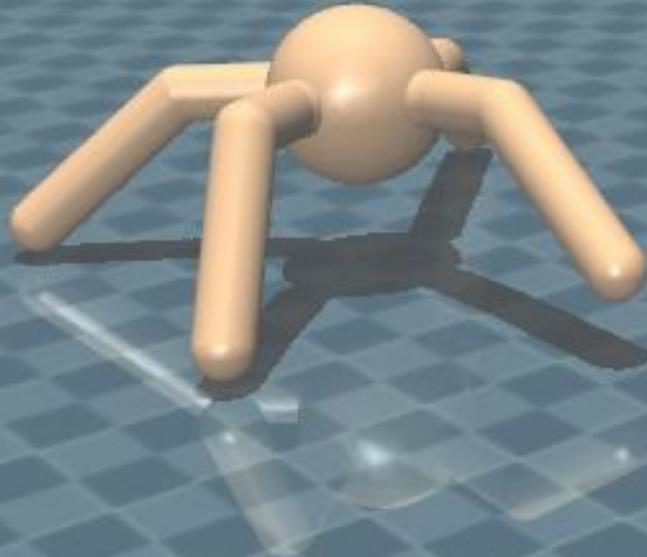
One submission per team is sufficient.



Challenge 2 Leaderboard

<https://lis-epfl.github.io/micro-515-EvoRob/>

will be updated on
Monday, 23.03.2023



TEAMS	CHALLENGES	TOP SCORE	AVERAGE	MAX POSSIBLE
10	3	287.0	256.6	300

 Overall

 Challenge 1

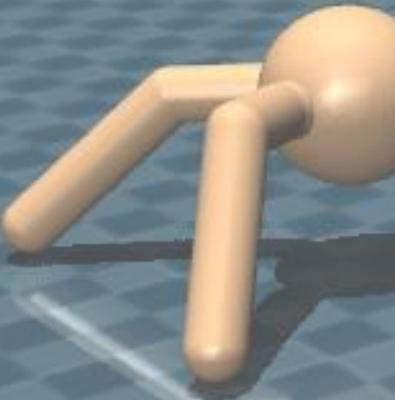
 Challenge 2

 Challenge 3

#	TEAM	CHALLENGE 1	CHALLENGE 2	CHALLENGE 3	TOTAL (NORM.)
1	NanoBot Crew	4990	330	810	287 / 300
2	Iron Wolves	4823	310	872	284.6 / 300
3	Helix Drive	3880	305	893	266.6 / 300
4	ByteForce	3950	275	901	260 / 300
5	Delta Robotics	3120	340	830	254.6 / 300
6	Sigma Dynamics	3600	290	868	253.8 / 300
7	Quantum Gears	4450	255	790	251.9 / 300

Challenge 2

Update your current repository version



```
git remote add upstream <lis-git> # if not done yet  
  
git pull upstream challenge1  
git push # push your changes to your fork  
  
git pull upstream challenge2  
git checkout challenge2
```