Trust and online reputation

Technologies for democratic society: Week 4

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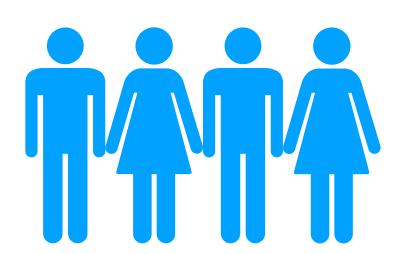
- Recap
- Scholarly peer-reviewed publications
- Search engine manipulations

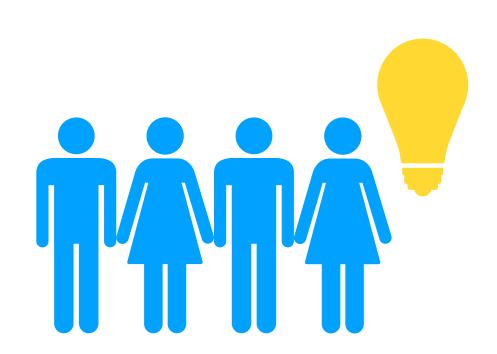
Recap

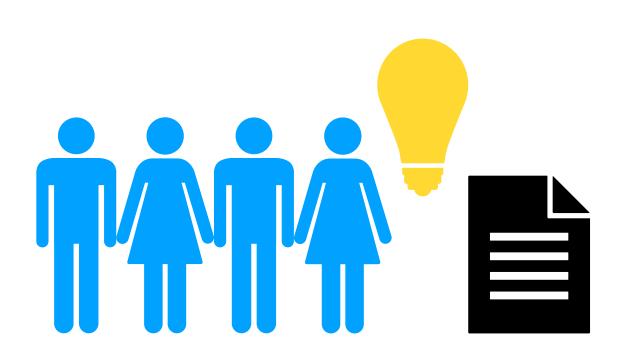
In the previous lecture you saw ...

- What is influence in online media?
 - Specifically for Twitter (now X)
- Evaluation of influence on Web
 - Using PageRank

Scholarly peer-reviewed publications



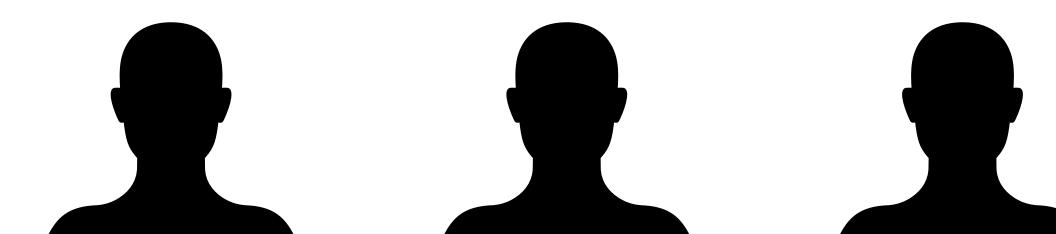


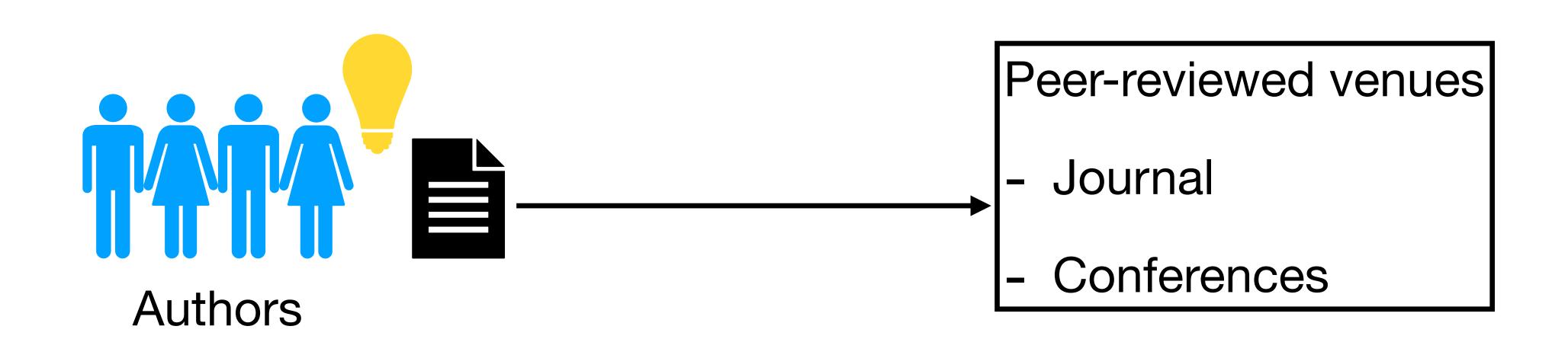


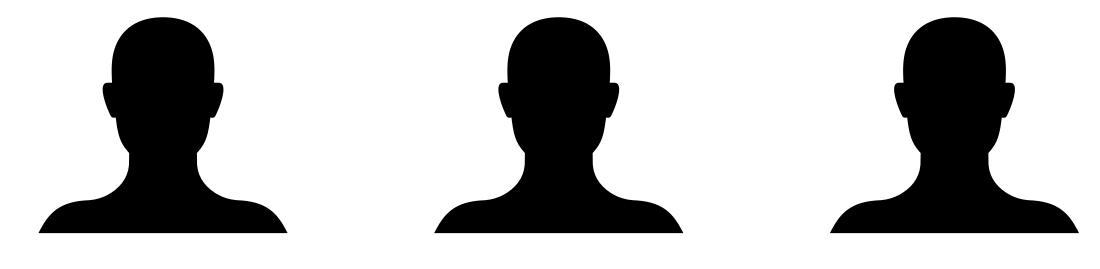




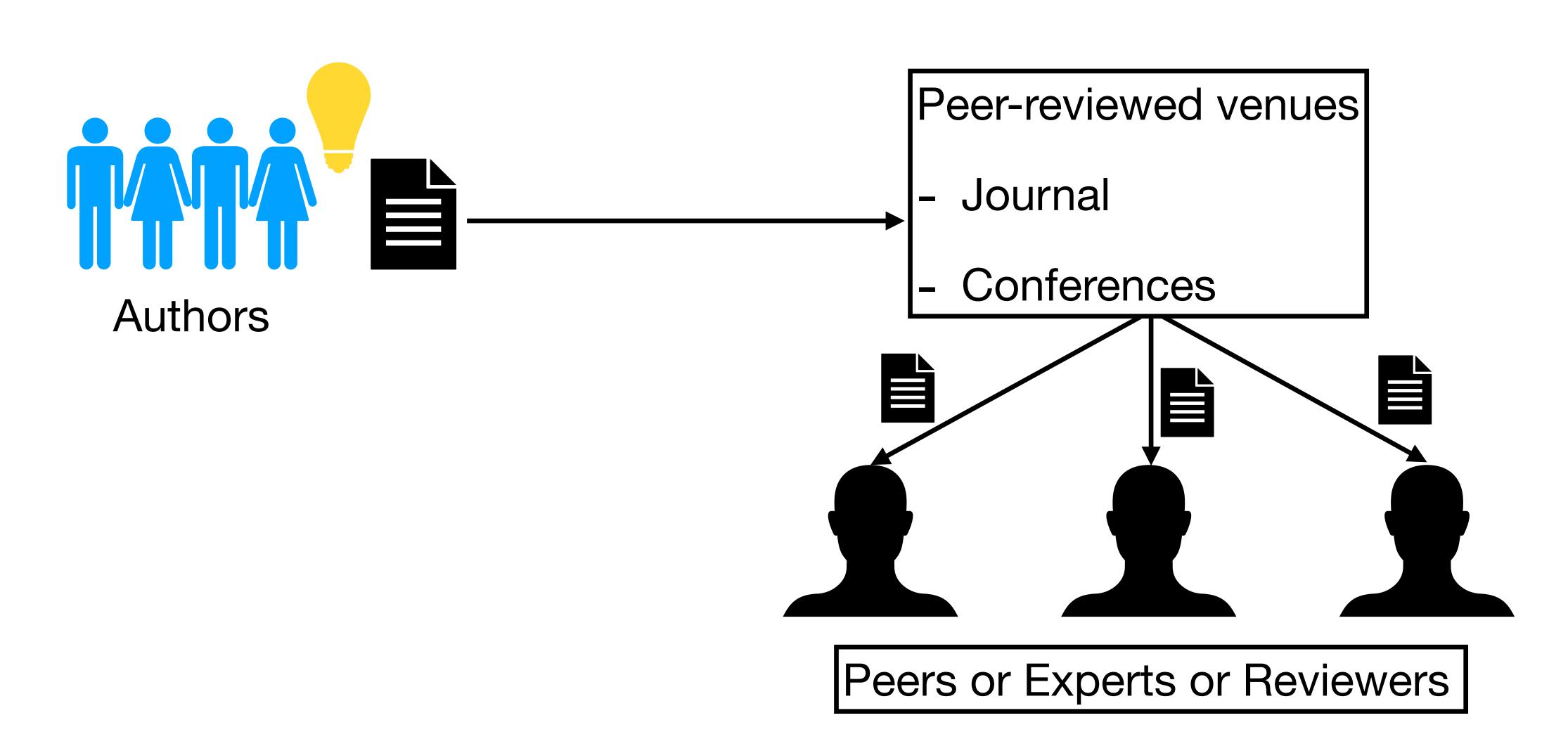


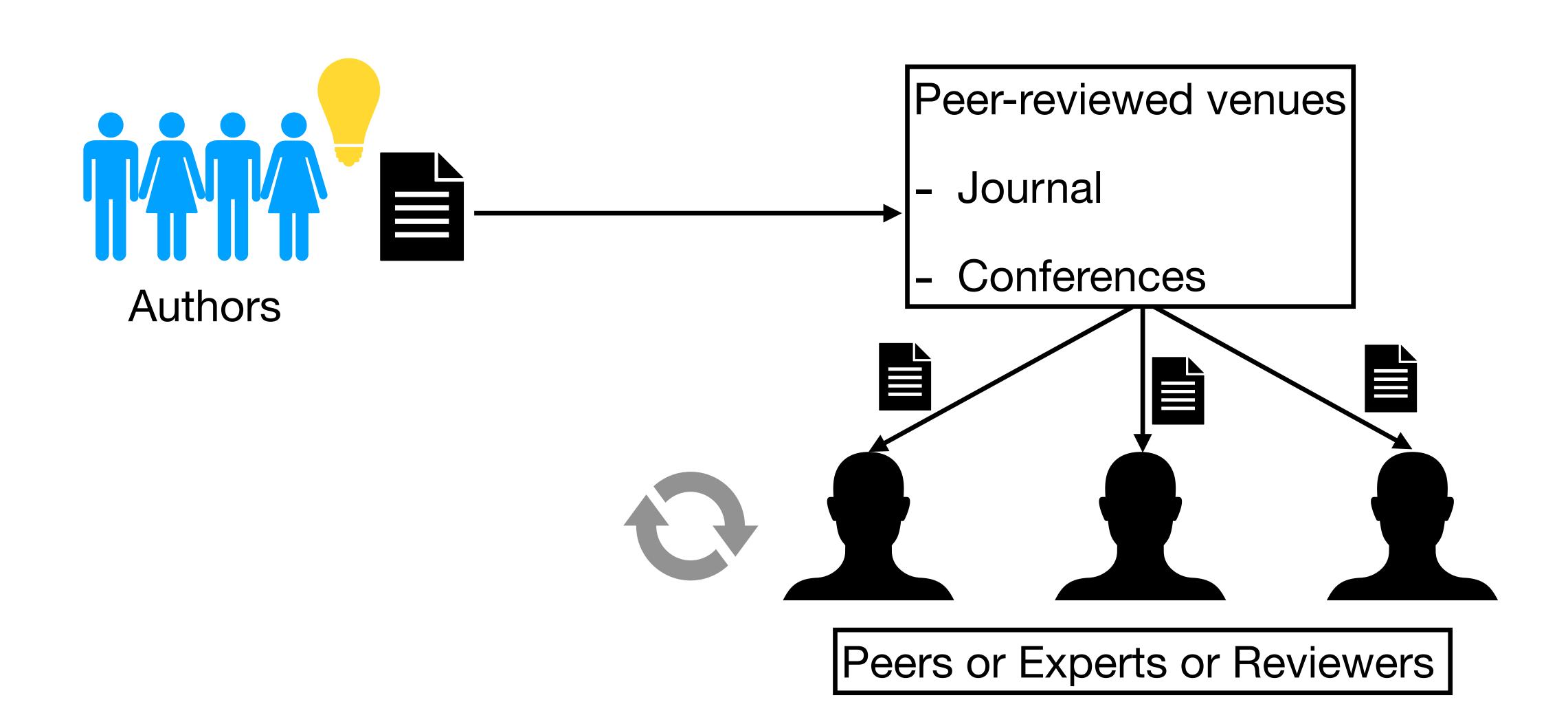


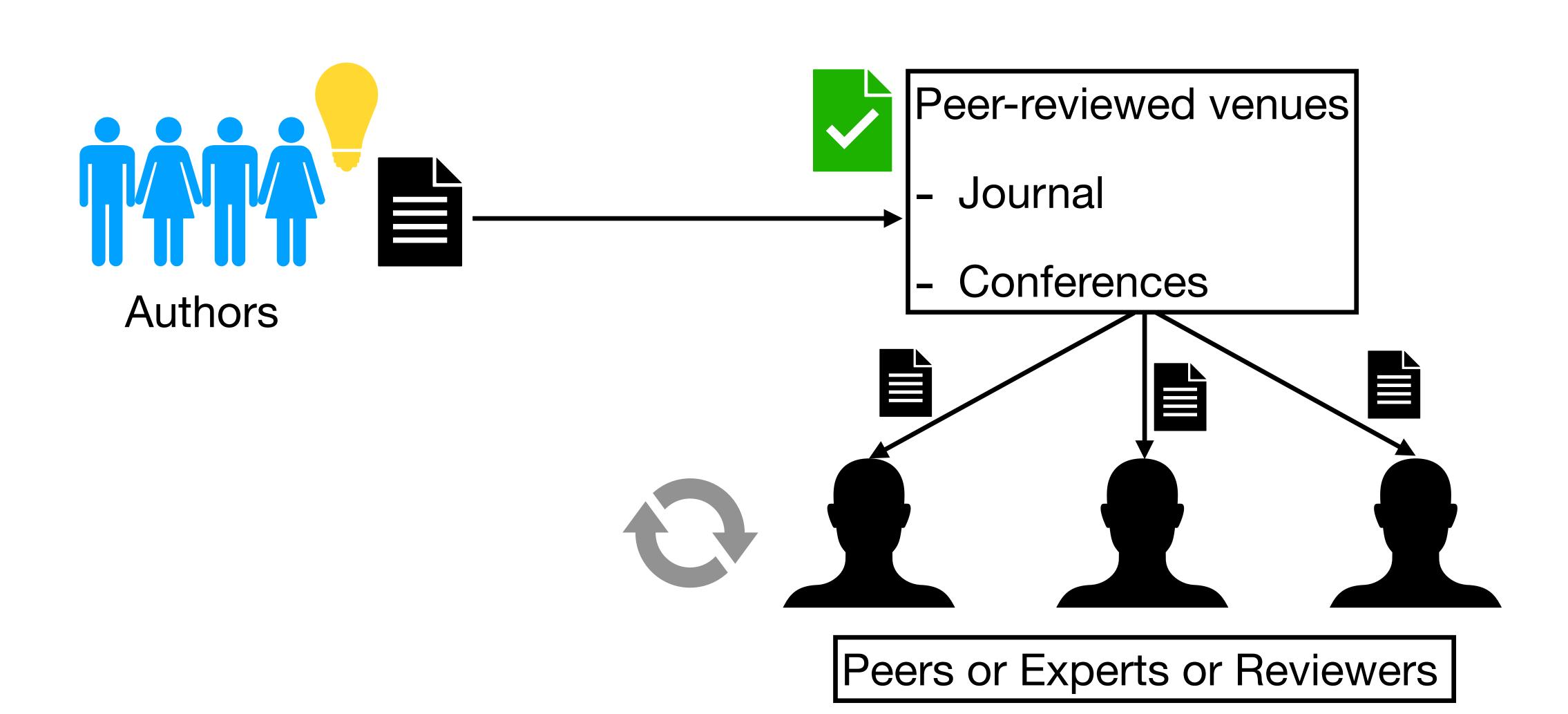




Peers or Experts or Reviewers







A brief history of peer reviewing

- Started in 1665
- Heavily developed in the 18th and 19th Century

Analyze content of research before publication

Analyze content of research before publication

1) Identify potential errors

Analyze content of research before publication

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Filtering bad / wrong results

Analyze content of research before publication

1) Identify potential errors

Filtering bad / wrong results

2) Apply scientific method

Analyze content of research before publication

1) Identify potential errors

→ Filtering bad / wrong results

2) Apply scientific method

Ensures best practices of research area

Analyze content of research before publication

1) Identify potential errors

Filtering bad / wrong results

2) Apply scientific method

→ Ensures best practices of research area

3) Feedback / constructive critique

Analyze content of research before publication

1) Identify potential errors

Filtering bad / wrong results

2) Apply scientific method

→ Ensures best practices of research area

3) Feedback / constructive critique

Potential improvements

Journals

Journals

Long review cycles

Journals

Long review cycles

Most disciplines

Journals

Conferences

Long review cycles

Most disciplines

Journals

Conferences

Long review cycles

Short review cycles

Most disciplines

Journals

Conferences

Long review cycles

Short review cycles

Most disciplines

Computer science

Journals

Conferences

Workshops

Long review cycles

Short review cycles

Most disciplines

Computer science

Journals

Conferences

Workshops

Long review cycles

Short review cycles

Faster turnaround

Most disciplines

Computer science

Journals

Conferences

Workshops

Long review cycles

Short review cycles

Faster turnaround

Most disciplines

Computer science

Preliminary results

Peer reviewing tools (contd...)

Pre-prints

Pre-prints

E.g. - arXiv.org, eprint.iacr.org

Pre-prints

E.g. - arXiv.org, eprint.iacr.org

Non-peer reviewed

Pre-prints

E.g. - arXiv.org, eprint.iacr.org

Non-peer reviewed

Lightweight

Pre-prints

E.g. - arXiv.org, eprint.iacr.org

Non-peer reviewed

Lightweight

Timestamped

Pre-prints

E.g. - arXiv.org, eprint.iacr.org

Non-peer reviewed

Lightweight

Timestamped

Any field; particularly useful for fast-moving fields like Al

Reviewers see authors' identities

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Authors see reviewers' identities

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Authors see reviewers' identities

Non-blind

Reviewers see authors' identities

Authors see reviewers' identities

Non-blind





Reviewers see authors' identities

Authors see reviewers' identities

Non-blind





Single-blind

Reviewers see authors' identities

Authors see reviewers' identities

Non-blind





Single-blind





Reviewers see authors' identities

Authors see reviewers' identities







Single-blind





Double-blind

Reviewers see authors' identities

Authors see reviewers' identities







Single-blind





Double-blind





What are the metrics for influence in research?

No. of citations

- No. of citations
- No. of publications

- No. of citations
- No. of publications
- No. of accepted grant proposals

- No. of citations
- No. of publications
- No. of accepted grant proposals
- h-index

Honorary authorship

Honorary authorship

Coercive citations

Honorary authorship

Coercive citations

Citation rings

Reviewers see Authors see authors' identities reviewers' identities Non-blind Single-blind **Double-blind**

Search engine manipulation

Aim of search engine manipulation

- The access of web pages is primarily governed by the web pages' position
 - 91.5% of clicks are on the first page of the results
 - 32.5% are on the first result
 - 17.6% are on the second result
- The goal of the search engine manipulation is to put the search results as high as possible

Unethical techniques to improve the rank of a page: black-hat techniques

- Unethical techniques to improve the rank of a page: black-hat techniques
 - Indexing

- Unethical techniques to improve the rank of a page: black-hat techniques
 - Indexing
 - On-page techniques

- Unethical techniques to improve the rank of a page: black-hat techniques
 - Indexing
 - On-page techniques
 - Off-page techniques

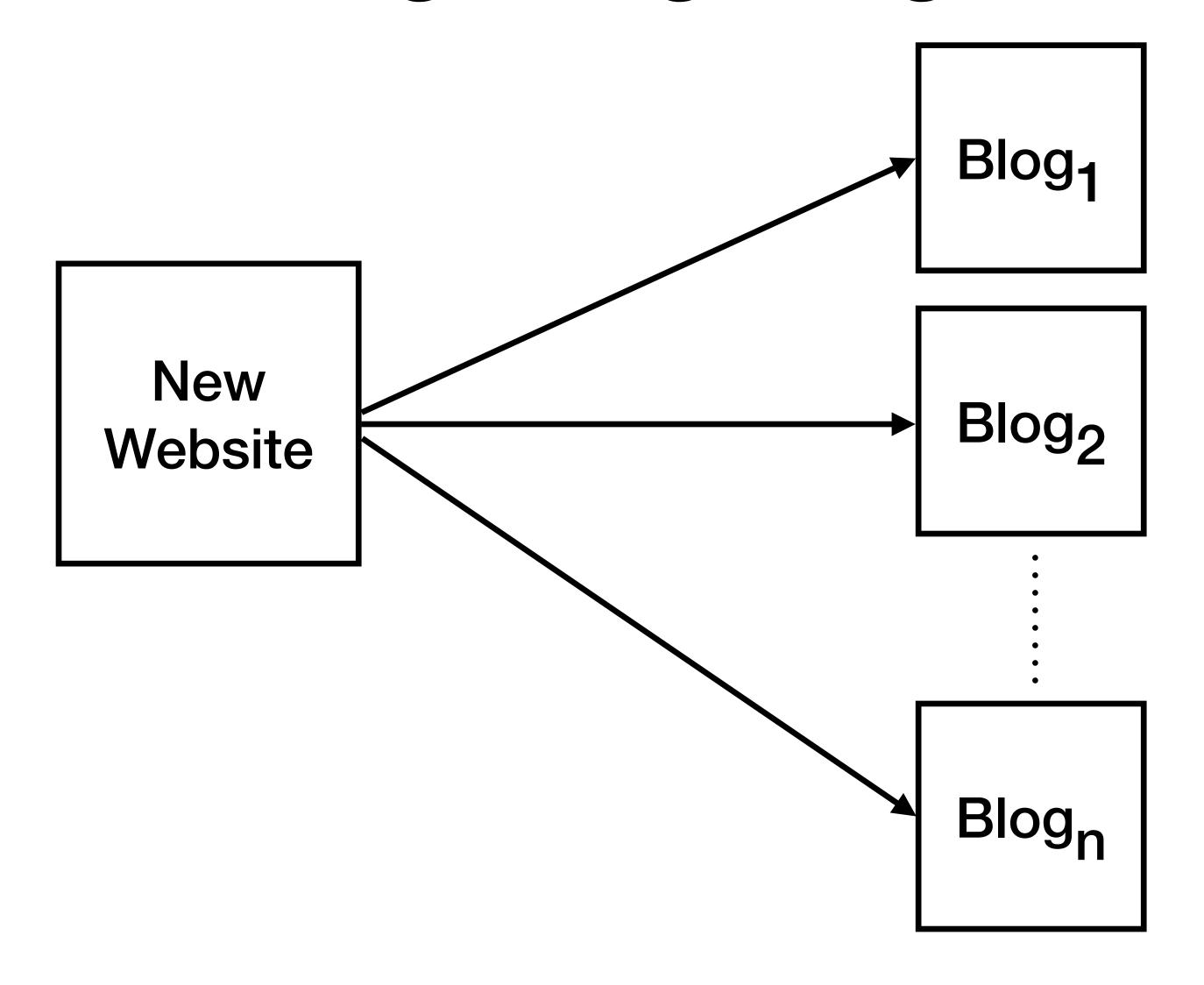
- Unethical techniques to improve the rank of a page: black-hat techniques
 - Indexing
 - On-page techniques
 - Off-page techniques
 - Bowling

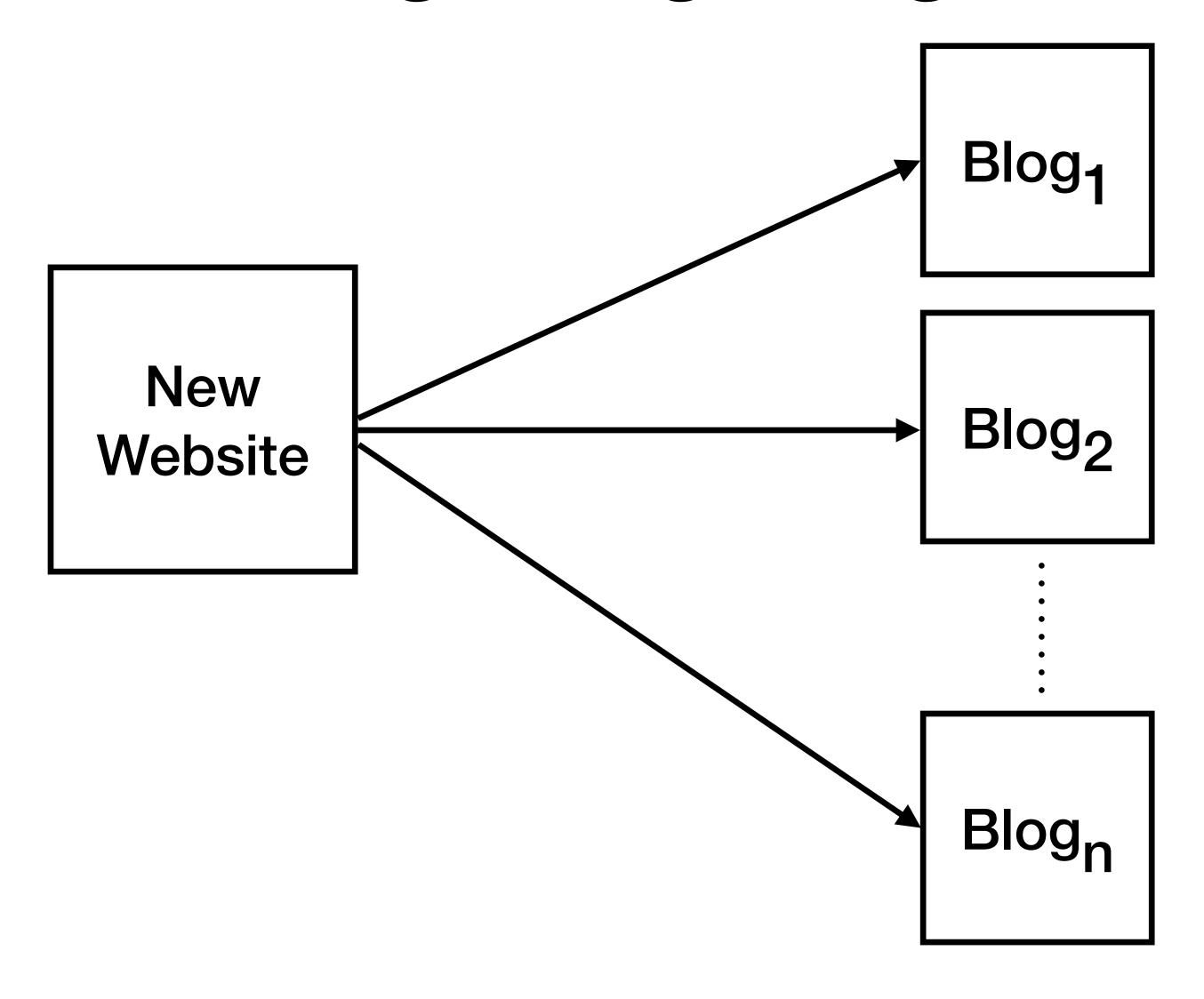
Indexing: Blog-Ping

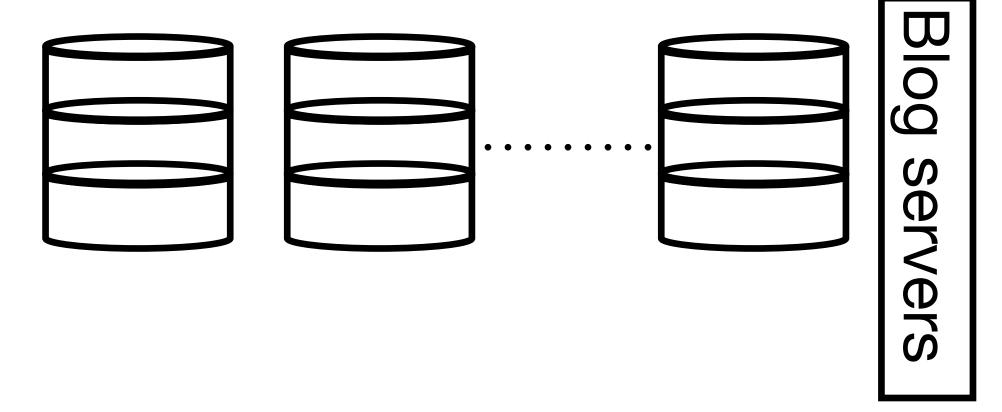
Indexing: Blog-Ping

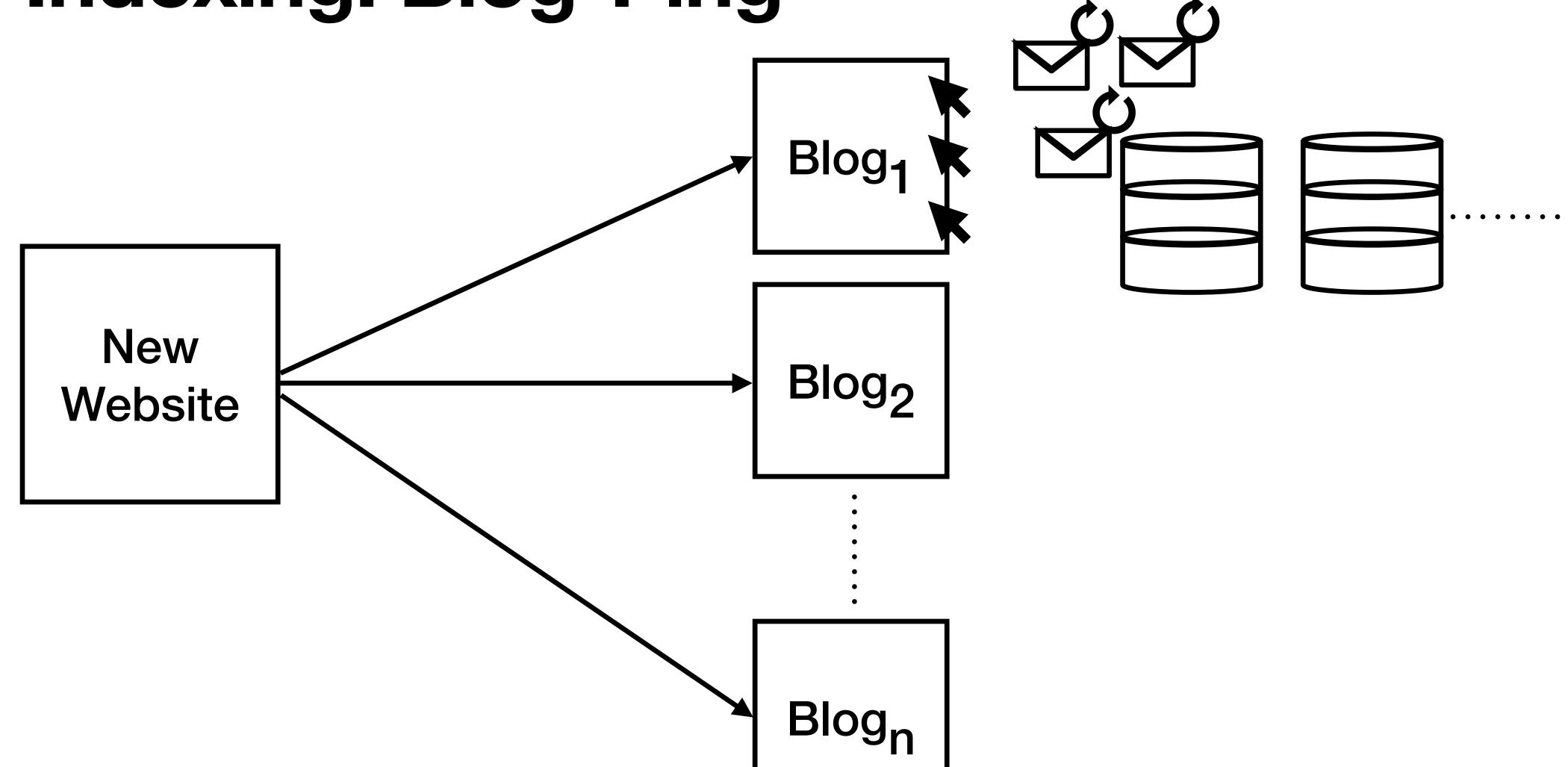
New Website

New Website Blog₁ Blog₂









Blog

servers

Indexing: Blog-Ping Blog Blog₁ servers New Blog₂ Website Blogn

Indexing: Blog-Ping Blog Blog₁ servers New Blog₂ Website Blog_n ▼

Indexing: Blog-Ping Blog₁ servers New Blog₂ Website Blog_n ▶

Indexing: Blog-Ping Blog Blog₁ servers New Blog₂ Website Blog_n ▼

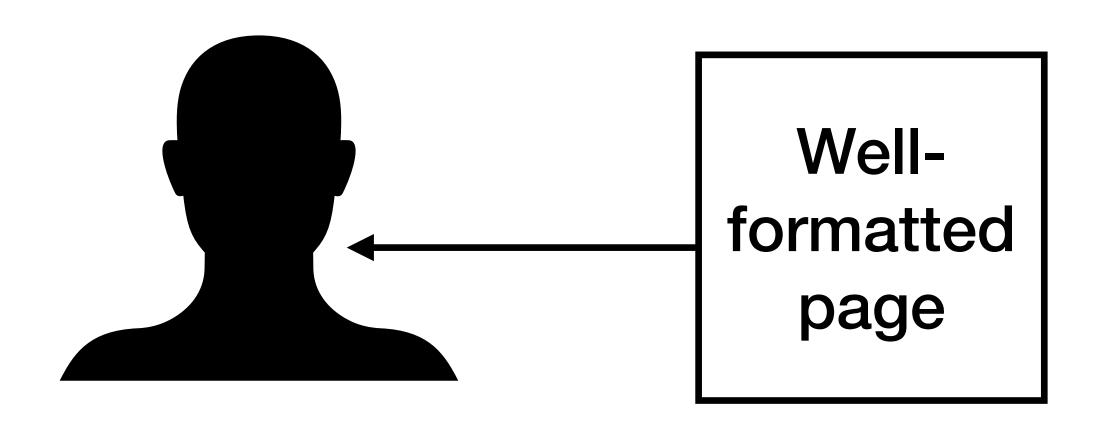
Wellformatted page

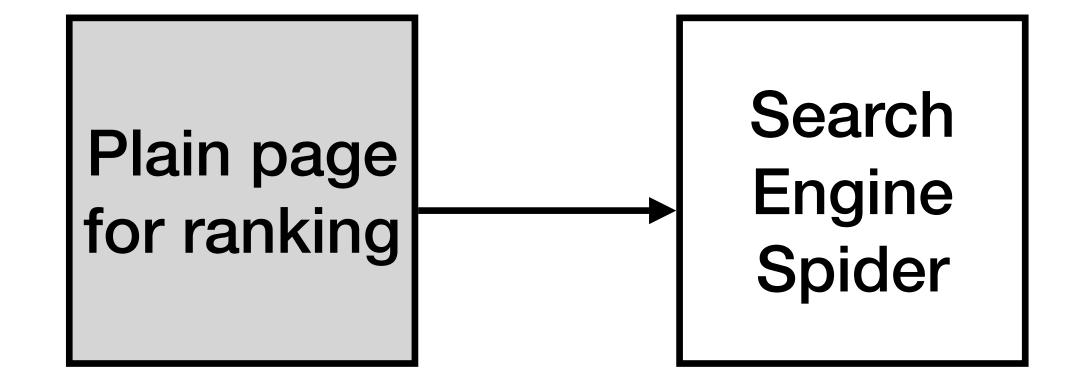
Plain page for ranking

Wellformatted
page

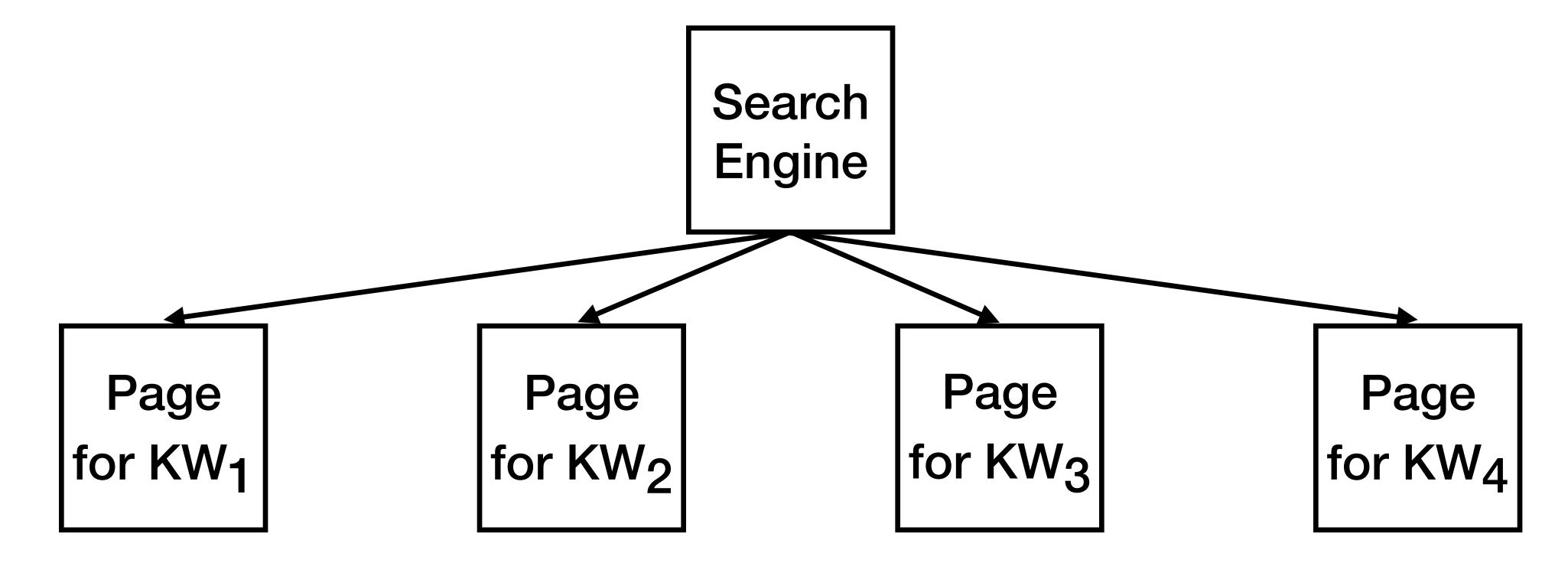
Plain page
for ranking

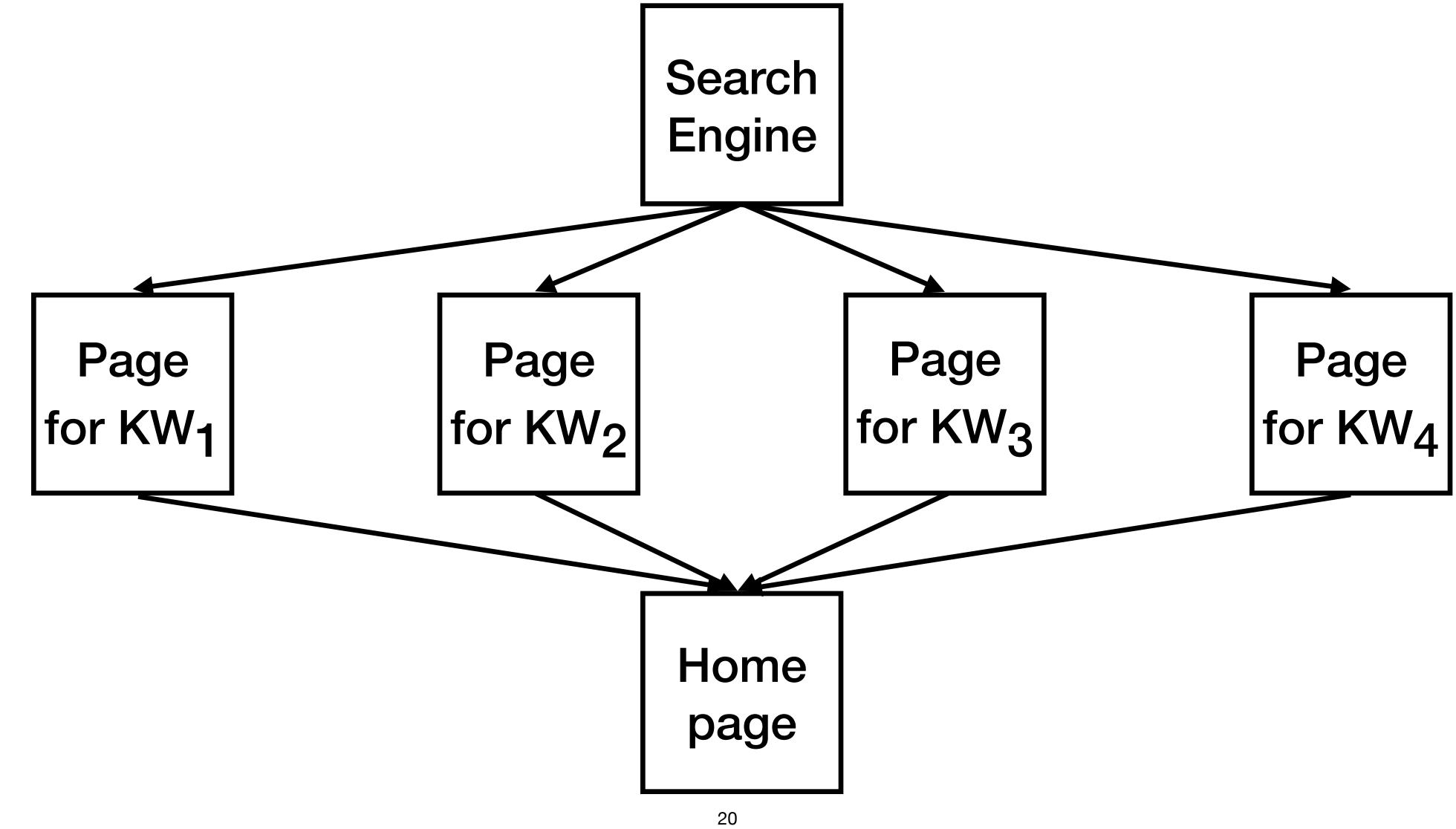
Search
Engine
Spider





Search Engine





On-Page: Invisible Elements

On-Page: Invisible Elements

Webpage

Element - 1

Element - 2

Element - 3

Element - 4

Element - 5

On-Page: Invisible Elements

Webpage

Element - 1

Element - 2

Element - 4

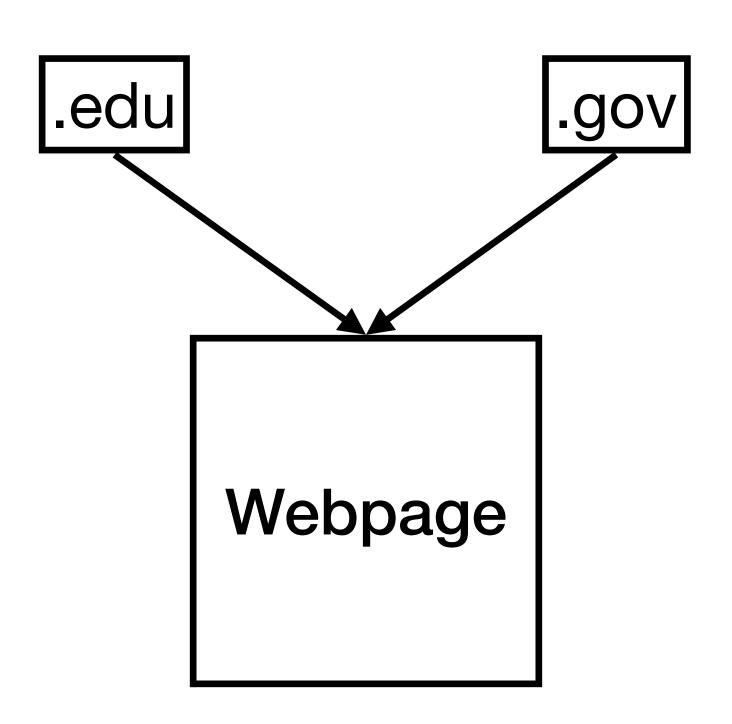
Element - 5

Off-page: Guest book spamming

Off-page: Guest book spamming

Webpage

Off-page: Guest book spamming



Off-page: Link Farms

Off-page: Link Farms

