# Lecture 1: Introduction

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servers

```
while (...) {
    message = ...;
    send ( message, ... );
}
```

```
while (...) {
    message = receive ( ... );
}
```

Alice

Application Programming Interface Bob



Alice	Bob 🧲
hello	
I want	

#### Questions

- What's underneath?
- Who owns what?
- How does it work?
- How does one evaluate it?
- How do end-systems share it?

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# Digital Subscriber Line (DSL)

- DSL modem + phone line (copper)
- 3 channels (downstream data, upstream data, voice)
- typically 10s to 100+ Mbps
  - most allocated to the downstream data channel

#### Why phone lines?





#### Fiber to the Home

- ...or to the Building/Curb/Street
- modem + fiber (+ copper phone line)
- up to 1 Gbps per direction
   (as deployed in Switzerland)







#### Cable

- Cable modem + cable line (copper, fiber)
- 2 channels (downstream, upstream)
- typically 100s of Mbps
  - most allocated to the downstream channel
- shared broadcast medium





#### Ethernet

- Ethernet switches and cables (copper)
- 2 channels (downstream + upstream)
- 1 Gbps, 10 Gbps, 40 Gbps in each direction

#### & more

- Cellular (smart phones)
- Satellite (remote areas)





# What physical infrastructure is already available?

## Questions

- What's underneath?
- Who owns what?
- How does it work?
- How do we evaluate it?
- How do we share it?



#### Internet Service Provider





#### access ISP

Computer Networks

#### access ISP

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### What modularity?

### What hierarchy?

# Questions

- What's underneath?
- Who owns what?
- How does it work?
- How do we evaluate it?
- How do we share it?

## Layers

- Layer = a part of a system with well-defined interfaces to other parts
- Two layers interact only through the interface between them
- One layer interacts only with layer above and layer below



Alice's progra	n Bob's program
Alice's OS	Bob's OS
	Internet
DSL Cable	Ethernet WiFi Cellular Optical
	copper fiber wireless

application	n web BitTorrent email DNS
transport	TCP UDP
network	IP
link	DSL Cable Ethernet WiFi Cellular Optical
physical	copper fiber wireless

application	web BitTor	rent	DNS
transport	ТСР	UDP	
network	I	Ρ	
link	Ethernet		
physical			

application	
transport	moves data between end-systems
network	moves data across the Internet
link	moves data across a link
physical	moves data across a physical medium

```
while (...) {
    message = ...;
    send ( message, ... );
}
```



**Alice** 





### Message format: agreement on what each bit means



#### Alice'switchputer



#### switch

application				
transport				
network		header	header	header   data
link	header	header	header	header   data
physical	header	header	header	header   data

## Boggitshputer

application				header   data
transport			header	header   data
network		header	header	header   data
link	header	header	header	header   data
physical				

### Bob's computer

## Layers

- Each layer touches only the header of the same layer
- May add a new header
   = encapsulation
- May remove the header
   = decapsulation

			www.epfl.ch www-epfl.ch	DNS name
app	process	ace	www.epfl.ch, 80 +	process address
transport		interf	80 -	port number
network		-work	104.20.228.42 104.20.229.42	IP address
link		net	5c:f9:38:a4:00:76 ←	MAC address
				local
EPFL web server		enu -	interface	
			name	

# Names (Identifiers)

- For network interfaces:
   DNS names, IP addresses,
   MAC addresses, local names
- For processes:
   network-interface name
   + port number

#### Translate DNS names to IP addresses:

> host www.epfl.ch DNS names

www.epfl.ch is an alias for
www.epfl.ch.cdn.cloudflare.net

www.epfl.ch.cdn.cloudflare.net
has address 104.20.229.42

www.epfl.ch.cdn.cloudflare.net has address 104.20.228.42

Find out the MAC and IP address of the network interface(s) on your computer:



#### Check whom you are communicating with:



Discover packet switches between your computer and a remote one:

> traceroute www.epfl.ch



#### Look inside network packets:



### Why layers?

### What layers to define?

# Course rythme

- Friday: material becomes available
  - slides
  - lab/homework
  - on Moodle
- Friday, 15h15-17h00: lecture
  - INF 213

# Course rythme

- Wednesday, 15h15-17h00: lab/hw session
  - INF 119
  - on your laptop

# Quizzes

- Voluntary, count only if you do well
- 15 min, every other week
- Cover the 2 previous lectures
- Online, in class, on your laptop

## Midterm

- Voluntary, counts only if you do well
- 2 hours, in-class, closed-book, open-notes
- Covers all lectures and homework/labs prior to midterm date

# Final

- Mandatory, counts always
- 2 hours, in-person, closed-book, open-notes
- Covers all lectures, and homework/labs
- During winter exam session

## Grade

- quiz grade =
   average of quizzes (except worst)
- exam grade =
   max { final, 0.6 final + 0.4 mid }
- overall course grade = max { exam, 0.9exam + 0.1quiz }

# On Moodle

- Lecture slides & pre-recorded videos
- Lab/homework problems, solutions
- Announcements (News forum)
- Q&A (Discussion forum)
- Course logistics

## Communication

- Discord space
  - informal, fast, knowledge sharing
- Moodle discussion forum
  - for longer interactions, still fast
- com208-staff@groupes.epfl.ch
  - for questions you don't want to share
## Welcome aboard!