

CS-234

Technologies for
Democratic society

Fall 2024

Week 6

Decentralized technologies - society / democracy

1. UseNet - 1980s, 90s
2. P2P - BitTorrent, IPFS, DHTs. 2000s
3. Blockchain - 2008 (Bitcoin), 2010s
4. ? ~~Decentralized AI?~~

Blockchain (Cryptocurrencies, smart contracts, DLT)

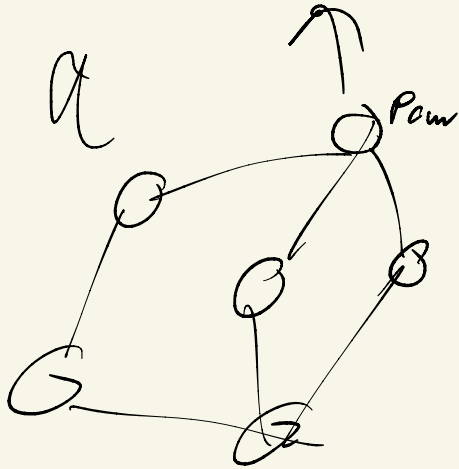
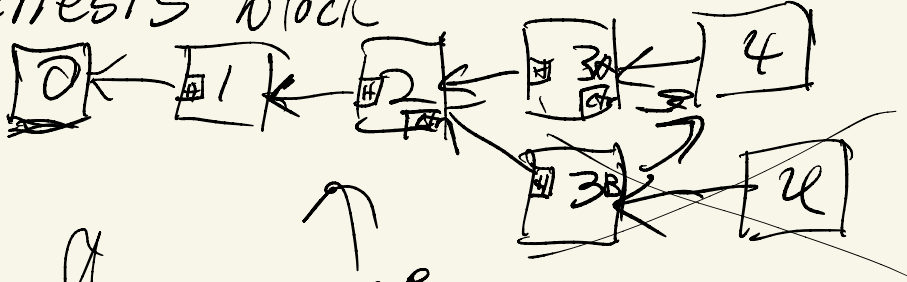
Bitcoin 2008 - Satoshi Nakamoto
decentralized e-Currency (e-cash)

Several problems in 1:

- consensus/agreement
- identity/admission control/Sybil attack
- large-scale distributed ledger
- cryptocurrency (Application)

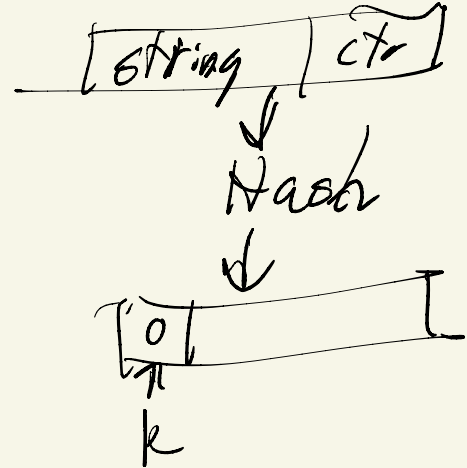
Bitcoin - ledger structure

genesis block

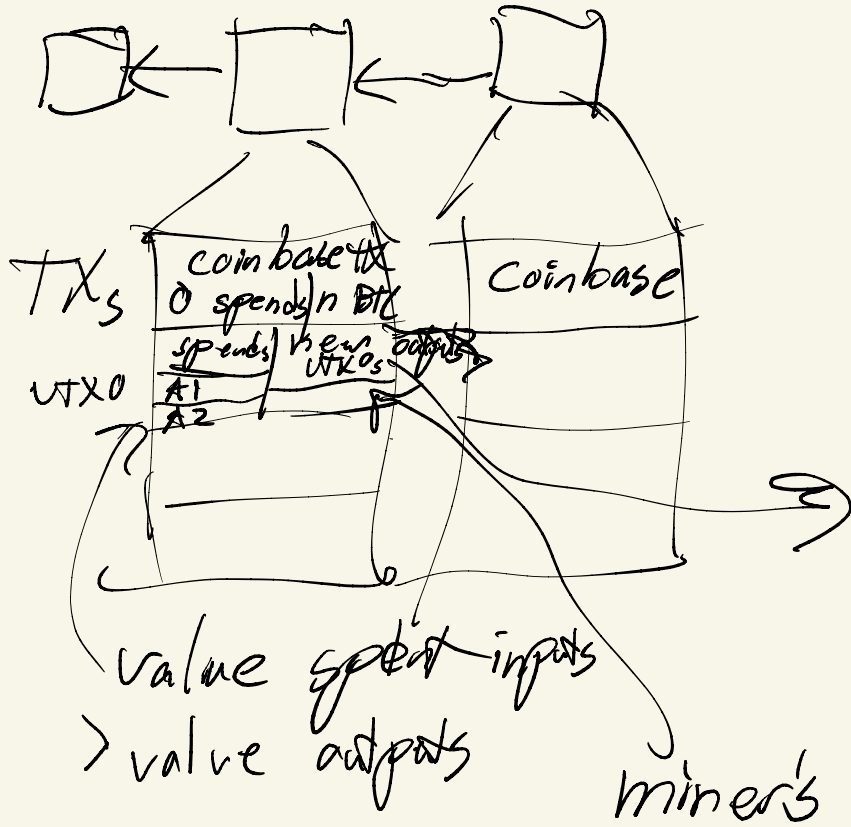


longest chain /
most work
wins

PoW - Proof of
Work
(cryptopuzzles,
email spam,
control)



Bitcoin - cryptocurrency

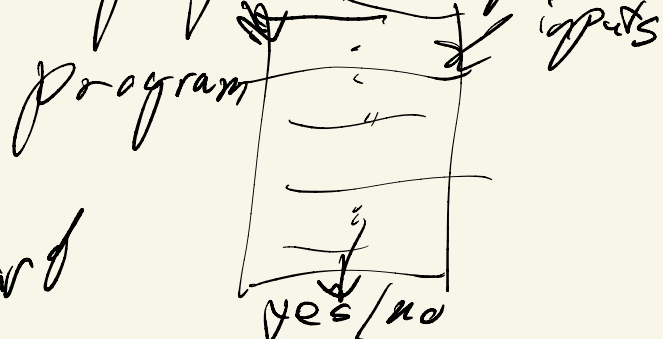


Scripting

how to "authorize"
spending UTXO

base case: pub key

alternate:
pay to script



Bitcoin scripting - limitations

- Limitations:

- Determinism - Bitcoin & Eth
- No external input - Bitcoin & Eth depend on Oracles (decentralized oracles)
- No loops - not Turing complete - Bitcoin

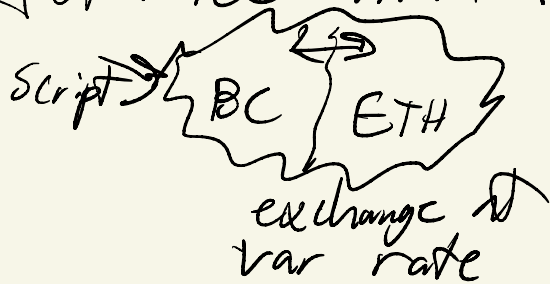
Ethereum: "gas", exchangeable w/ Ether

script execution consumes gas, has gas limit

Enables Turing complete smart contracts

Smart Contract - opportunities

- Custom "coins", currencies \rightarrow "initial coin offerings" ICOs
- Non-fungible tokens (NFT)
- Automated market makers (AMMs)



- Auctions
- Organizations - Decentralized autonomous organizations (DAOs)